Frequently asked questions on COVID-19

What is novel corona virus?

A novel coronavirus is a new coronavirus that has not been previously identified. The virus causing coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), is not the same as the <u>coronaviruses that commonly circulate among humans</u> and cause mild illness, like the common cold.

2. How does the virus spread?

The virus that causes COVID-19 is thought to spread mainly from person to person, mainly through respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs, sneezes, or talks. These droplets can land in the mouths or noses of people who are nearby or possibly be inhaled into the lungs. Spread is more likely when people are in close contact with one another (within about 6 feet).

COVID-19 seems to be spreading easily and sustainably in the community ("community spread") in many affected geographic areas. Community spread means people have been infected with the virus in an area, including some who are not sure how or where they became infected.

How are students protected in the classroom?

Teachers are required to wear personal protection mask and/or face guard. In addition students are provided with face mask and required to wear them throughout the day.

4. How many students in are in the classroom?

To maintain social distancing and limit social contact class size is limited to 10 students.

5. What is being done to maintain a sanitized environment?

Classrooms, restrooms and common areas are sanitized using bleach and water solution throughout the day. In addition Virox solution is used to sanitize hard and soft surfaces twice a day.

6. Who has access to enter the school?

Only students and staff are allowed entry into the school after completing a pre-screening. Parents will drop off and pick up their student front the front entry.

7. What is the pre-screening process?

Temperature of all students and staff is taken prior to entry. Students and staff are required to wash their hands and all book bags, purses and personal items are sprayed with alcohol mist.

What happens if a child is sick during the course of the day?

Any student who exhibits a temperature above 99.8 degrees, excessive coughing or sneezing will be required to be pick up from a designated are within 30 minutes. Students can return to school after 3 days and fever free without medication.